180-10142-10242

BOX 23 FOLDER 24 #30

Must well cob 10/25

October 24, 1978

PN TO CIA 142-10242

Dearest Chris,

Funny you should have written me asking if I had ever heard about Manuel Rey -- he has been of interest to me in my work for nearly a year -- so here is all you ever wanted to know but were afraid to ask.

Manuel Ray Rivero was born in Cuba in 1924. He has been described as softspoken, unassuming, almost humble — a natural leader of the highest intellect, deepest sincerity and conviction. In 1947, because of his outstanding performance as a civil engineer, he was granted a scholarship by the Cuban Ministry of Public Works to pursue graduate studies in engineering at the University of Utah. Ray was in the United States for two years but did not complete his work for a Masters pegree.

AmsHollian States for When he returned to Cuba, he held various positions in the engineering field, one of which was Project Manager for the construction of the Havana Hilton Hotel.

In May 1957 he organized the Civic Resistance Movement, which supervised sabotage and acts of terrorism against the (HSC 4009005- Dutument)

Batista regime. Fidel Castro appointed him Minister of (Melist)

Public Works in February 1959 bet Ray broke with Castro be-

was arrested and relieved of his official position. He then founded the anti-Castro Movimento Revolucionario del Pueblo and served as its Chief. Other individuals completing the leadership of the MRP were: Raul Chibas, Special Assistant to Ray; Juan Esteves Ramires, Secretay; Ramon Barquin, Military Intelligence Matters; and Rogelio Cisneros, Chief of MRP in Cuba.

W. J.

In the Summer of 1960, while still in Cuba, Ray was actively recruited by the CIA to become a member of the FRD. His background was questioned by the State Department and the Miami CIA office. Despite their objections, Ray was granted Provisional Operational Approval by the CIA on October 25, 1960 and, with the aid of the CIA, he was brought clandestinely into the United States on November 10, 1960.

Ray's personnel papers at the CIA contain the following assessment: "Subject has definite political action potential, is a pro-democratic official of government who is not in sympathy with aims of international Communism and is interested in strengthening ties between Cuba and U.S."

Not everyone in the CIA (who knew Ray) were in agreement with this assessment. In a Memo for Record, dated 11/21/60, it was reported that, "... Ray did not politically represent anything to cheer about." Another CIA officer who met privately with him in November 1960 stated that his political posture was doubtful as far as U.S. Government acceptance was concerned. CIA official Still another/assessment of Ray stated that his action all seemed directed toward making him the future power in Cuba rather than overthrowing Castro. It was believed that Ray was so far "left" in his thinking that he would be as dangerous (or more so in the long run) to U.S. interests as Castro, if he ever got to be a power in Cuba.

Ray made his political position very clear during a private meeting with a CIA officer on November 15, 1960 - five days after his arrival in the U.S. He said that the MRP did and not wish to reinstate the 1940 Cuban Constitution/that the

and tomos

Lower ( why)

Castro laws passed at the beginning of his regime would be continued. Ray further stated that he believed the State should regulate private investments and utilities should be nationalized. Charges of "Fidelismo without Fidel" were made against Ray's group, the MRP, because of these "leftist" ideologies.

Negative information about Ray was also voiced by the Cuban exile community and came to the attention of the CIA. He was described by one exile as highly dangerous because of his ambition to play a prominent role in the Cuban government afterCastro's overthrow. Miro Cardona was opposed to him on the grounds that his program was too Marxist and further stated that Ray was bitterly anti-American as well as probably totalitarian in his thinking. Manuel Artime said the MRP was opposed to banning the Communist Party and in favor of "nationalizing everything."

Although aware of his controversial political philosophy, the CIA actively recruited Ray to join the FRD.

The White House and State Department pushed for his inclusion.

Ray received full/operational approval as a "political asset" on February 7, 1961 and accepted appointment to the CRC in March. He himself had resisted joining the CRC because he felt the members were too restrained and he did not want to become a part of a situation in which someone else was running the show for the exiles. Within a week after agreeing to join, Ray met with a CIA officer and complained that Miro was backing away from his commitments and was not willing to give Ray any voice in the Council. He recalled

Quall

the events of this period to HSCA investigators in 1978, stating that certain influential and wealthy Americans, among them William Pawley, opposed him and a lot of heavy propaganda was circulated at this time accusing him of being a Communist.

Parlos Zarraga, JUPE Chief of Suffort CCIA/DOD Carlos Zarraga mostinez - Cable dtd 2/28/64) brought the members of his group, Cuba Libre, into

CALORO Ray VOL. XII - mamo pr Record 21/1/64)

the SURE in 1964 (42 phil brographies Sufo),

List 26 was of operational interest to the CIA (Ilid from 1964 Revonality Tele Replies 10 aug 1964). To 1972 (Ibid) -General Info). Tarraga evan responsible for a great deal JACIME & an enormore supply of efflories in mami & Buerto Rico. Zarraga reugned from CIAIDO Zarraga - Field Pupo Report 9/23/64)

Just #1 (AMSHOT/1) Story

> During this period, it has been alleged that Ray was friendly with members of the Tuesto Rucin group which plotted to assassinate President Truman (CIAIDO Lo Documents, Despatch & Deputy Chief, WHLSA from COS JSMWAVE, 4/14/64, merico, S. F. - Thom an undercover source with eryptonym (AMSHOT/L) Upon secupt of this infor, Kay's Case officer questioned the reliability of the information. HSCA researcher endeavoied & identify source + was told (AMSHOT/1) was still a current asset in 1978) and a good friend of Questo Rican Communicat Tedro allign Campos! (Chid) It was further alleged that Ray was in frequent contact with Guesto Rusins Who were working on the removation of the White House (Ihid) The assassination attempt of Pres. Ysuman occurred at Blair House, across the street from the W. H. during the time the Trumous were using this home as an Official residence until such time as the White House removation was completed. This rather laisare story surfaced in 1964 and the enformation was descentated & the Secret Service (HSCA 008290) and the FBI (HEA 006468, Items)

His actual accop accomplishments were seriously questioned within the CIA. Within the Western Henriphere devision, he was assessed as notorious for claiming assets or operations several days after some other group had already set them if or claimed them and his accomplishments towards the effort to overthrow Castro negligible. (CIA/DOD Ray VOLV, memo for Record, may 5, /961, from Calvin Heiks Sulj: manoloRay - Commente on his anti-Castro Octivities) His easy access to the White Tours and State West made some within the agency hesitant to support him outside the umbrella of the CRC for fear that he would descuse the his arrangements with the CIA and, in a matter of time, the whole Cuban spile Community would know where Ray was getting his support. (CIA/DDO Ray Vol V, Memo for Record, June 2, 1961, (from Jamas a. noel) Subj: Relations with panolo Ray + the mRP) Kay continued to the of Closely associated with the CIA as evidenced by Continue filer on him from 760 - 1966 indicating he was of parational Interest to them. no doctementation is available to ascertain fenancial ordiags for the mRT, as

Queent 3 - He told two anti-Casho Culous in April 1959 that he recognized the symptoms of Communism in the Castro regime but was not prepared to conspire against "El Lider maximo" (que lo Chis Day -p91) Bay was relieved of his official position in nov. 91959 (HSCA 005 990, p. 2, FBI Correlation Study, manols Ray file # 97-4546, See ) but Continued & permit his name to be associated with the Castro regime (quie en this Day-p. 92) until the he formed the Revolutionary movement of the People (MRP) around may 1960 (HSCA 009005), This anti-Castro andel organization believed that the ideas and aims of the democratic left hear suited the needs a asperations of the Cuban people (CIA/DDO Pay Vol. II , 9 June 1962 study of program for liberation of Cula submitted by Ray ) associated with Kay in this underground organization were Raul Chibar, Kamon Barquin, Rogelio Peneroe (CIA/DDO Ray VOLIT, Organization ofMRP) Rufo Lopez Tresquet and This Pages (que in this Day p 92) Ray was vitteged enticized as a tary adherent to the anti-Castro movement. (Give us this Day p 92) and Charges of "Gideliam on Sidel were made against him and the MRP because of their leftist ideologies (CIAIDDO Ray VOLIT Contact Report from (Wallace Garlett), 10/17/60, Subj ; Moeting with

( Juan Estevez & Jorge Beruff.) 10/13/60)